

深圳市矽源特科技有限公司 ShenZhen ChipSourceTek Technology Co., Ltd.

MT2499A 3.5A,4.5V-21V Input,340KHz Synchronous Step-Down Converter

### **MT2499A FEATURES**

- High Efficiency: Up to 94%
- 340KHz Frequency Operation
- 3.5A Output Current
- No Schottky Diode Required
- 4.5V to 21V Input Voltage Range
- 0.925V Reference
- Slope Compensated Current Mode Control for Excellent Line and Load Transient Response
- Integrated internal compensation
- Stable with Low ESR Ceramic Output Capacitors
- Over Current Protection with Hiccup-Mode
- Thermal Shutdown
- Inrush Current Limit and Soft Start
- Available in ESOP8 Package
- -40°C to +85°C Temperature Range

### **MT2499A APPLICATIONS**

- Distributed Power Systems
- Digital Set Top Boxes
- Flat Panel Television and Monitors
- Wireless and DSL Modems
- Notebook Computer

## **MT2499A TYPICAL APPLICATION**

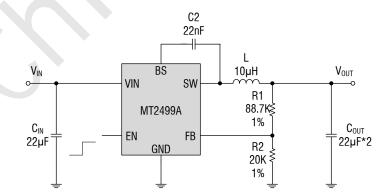


Figure 1. Basic Application Circuit

### **MT2499A GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The MT2499A is a fully integrated, high– efficiency 3.5A synchronous rectified step-down converter. The MT2499A operates at high efficiency over a wide output current load range.

This device offers two operation modes, PWM control and PFM Mode switching control, which allows a high efficiency over the wider range of the load.

The MT2499A requires a minimum number of readily available standard external components and is available in an ESOP8 ROHS compliant package.



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# MT2499A ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

0.3V to 23V
0.3V to 23V
0.3V to 6V
0.3V to (V <sub>IN</sub> +0.5V)
$(V_{sw}-0.3V)$ to $(V_{sw}+5V)$
2W
10°C/W

Thermal Resistance $\theta_{JA}$	50°C/W
Junction Temperature(Note2)	150°C
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to 85°C
Lead Temperature(Soldering, 10s)	300°C
Storage Temperature Range6	5°C to 150°C
ESD HBM(Human Body Mode)	2kV
ESD MM(Machine Mode)	200V

# **MT2499A PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION**

TOP VIEW	Order Part Number	Package	Top Marking
BS 1 VIN 2 SW 3 GND 4 BS 1 9 EP GND 6 NC 5 FB 8-LEAD PLASTIC SOP WITH EXPOSED PAD ON BACKSIDE $T_{JMAX} = 150^{\circ}C, \ \theta_{JA} = 50^{\circ}C/W, \ \theta_{JC} = 10^{\circ}C/W$	MT2499A	ESOP8	MT2499A YMNNVV LLLLLL

Top Marking: Y=year code,M=month code,NN=number,VV=version,LLLLL=LOT ID.

## **MT2499A PIN DESCRIPTION**

Pin Name	Pin Number	Description
BS	1	Bootstrap. A capacitor connected between SW and BS pins is required to form a floating supply across the high-side switch driver.
VIN	2	Power supply Pin
SW	3	Switching Pin
GND	4	GND
FB	5	Adjustable version feedback input. Connect FB to the center point of the external resistor divider.
NC	6	
EN	7	Drive this pin to a logic-high to enable the IC. Drive to a logic-low to disable the IC and enter micro-power shutdown mode.
NC	8	
GND	EPAD	GND



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# MT2499A ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 3)

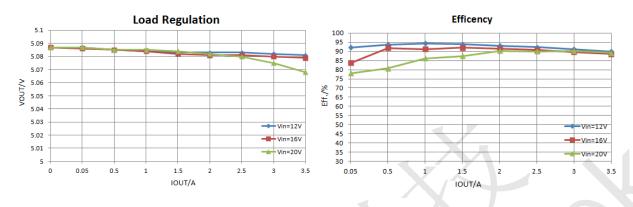
$(V_{IN}=16V, V_{OUT}=5V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)								
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT			
Input Voltage Range		4.5		21	V			
Supply Current in Operation	$V_{EN} = 2.0V, V_{FB} = 1.1V$		0.4	0.6	mA			
Supply Current in Shutdown	$V_{EN} = 0$ or $EN = GND$		1		μA			
Regulated Feedback Voltage	$\begin{array}{l} T_{\text{A}}=25^{\circ}\text{C},4.5\text{V} \leqslant \\ V_{\text{IN}}\leqslant\!21\text{V} \end{array}$	0.900	0.925	0.950	V			
OVP			22		V			
High-Side Switch On-Resistance			75		mΩ			
Low-Side Switch On-Resistance			55		mΩ			
High-Side Switch Leakage Current	$V_{EN}=0V, V_{SW}=0V$	X	0	10	μA			
Upper Switch Current Limit	Minimum Duty Cycle		5.8		A			
Oscillation Frequency			0.34		MHz			
Maximum Duty Cycle	V <sub>FB</sub> =0.6V		92		%			
EN Shutdown Threshold Voltage	V <sub>EN</sub> Rising		1.25		V			
EN Shutdown Threshold Voltage Hysterisis			50		mV			
Input Under Voltage Lockout Threshold	V <sub>IN</sub> Rising	5	4.2		V			
Input Under Voltage Lockout Threshold Hysteresis			100		mV			
Minimum On-Time			100		nS			
Soft-Start			1		mS			
Thermal Shutdown			175		°C			

**Note 1:** Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired. **Note 2:**  $T_J$  is calculated from the ambient temperature  $T_A$  and power dissipation  $P_D$  according to the following formula:  $T_J = T_A + (P_D) \times (50^{\circ}C/W)$ .

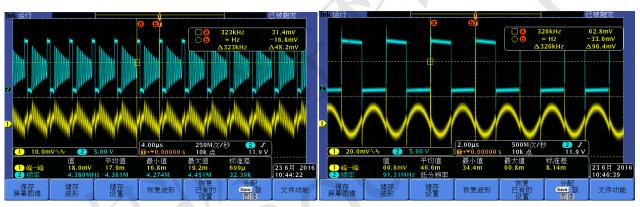
**Note 3:** 100% production test at  $+25^{\circ}$ C. Specifications over the temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.



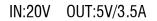
### **MT2499A TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**



IN:12V OUT:5V/0.05A

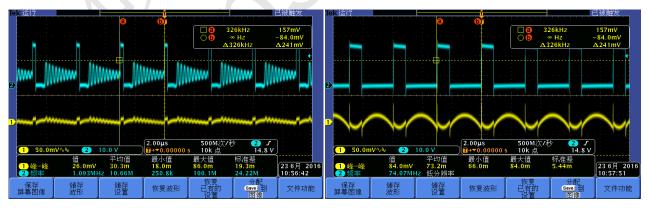


#### IN:20V OUT:5V/0.05A



IN:12V

OUT:5V/3.5A





# **MT2499A FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**

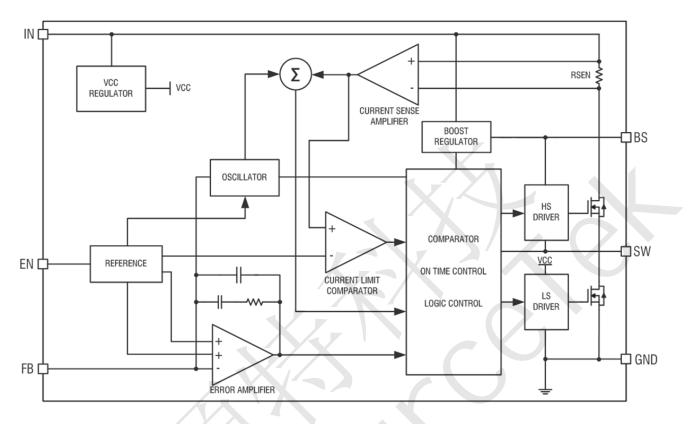


Figure 2. MT2499A Block Diagram



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### **MT2499A FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

#### Internal Regulator

The MT2499A is a current mode step down DC/DC converter that provides excellent transient response with no extra external compensation components. This device contains an internal, low resistance, high voltage power MOSFET, and operates at a high 340K operating frequency to ensure a compact, high efficiency design with excellent AC and DC performance.

#### **Error Amplifier**

The error amplifier compares the FB pin voltage with the internal FB reference ( $V_{FB}$ ) and outputs a current proportional to the difference between the two. This output current is then used to charge or discharge the internal compensation network to form the COMP voltage, which is used to control the power MOSFET current. The optimized internal compensation network minimizes the external component counts and simplifies the control loop design.

#### Internal Soft-Start

The soft-start is implemented to prevent the converter output voltage from overshooting during startup. When the chip starts, the internal circuitry generates a soft-start voltage (SS) ramping up from 0V to 0.925V. When it is lower than the internal reference (REF), SS overrides REF so the error amplifier uses SS as the reference. When SS is higher than REF, REF regains control. The SS time is internally fixed to 1ms.

**Over-Current-Protection and Hiccup** 

The MT2499A has cycle-by-cycle over current limit when the inductor current peak value exceeds the set current limit threshold. Meanwhile, output voltage starts to drop until FB is below the Under-Voltage (UV) threshold, typically 70% the reference. Once a UV is triggered, the MT2499A enters hiccup mode to periodically restart the part. This protection mode is especially useful when the output is dead-short to ground. The average short circuit current is greatly reduced to alleviate the thermal issue and to protect the regulator. The MT2499A exits the hiccup mode once the over current condition is removed.

#### Startup and Shutdown

If both VIN and EN are higher than their appropriate thresholds, the chip starts. The reference block starts first, generating stable reference voltage and currents, and then the internal regulator is enabled. The regulator provides stable supply for the remaining

circuitries. Three events can shut down the chip: EN low, VIN low and thermal shutdown. In the shutdown procedure, the signaling path is first blocked to avoid any fault triggering. The COMP voltage and the internal supply rail are then pulled down. The floating driver is not subject to this shutdown command.



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### **MT2499A APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

#### Setting the Output Voltage

The external resistor divider is used to set the output voltage (see Typical Application on page 1). The feedback resistor R1 also sets the feedback loop bandwidth with the internal compensation capacitor. Choose R1 to be around  $100k\Omega$  for optimal transient response. R2 is then given by:

$$R2 = \frac{R1}{\frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{V_{\text{FB}}} - 1}$$

#### **Inductor Selection**

A  $4.7\mu$ H to  $22\mu$ H inductor with a DC current rating of at least 25% percent higher than the maximum load current is recommended for most applications. For highest efficiency, the inductor DC resistance should be less than  $15m\Omega$ . For most designs, the inductance value can be derived from the following equation.

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{V_{IN} \times \Delta I_{L} \times f_{OSC}}$$

Where  $\Delta$  I<sub>L</sub> is the inductor ripple current. Choose inductor ripple current to be approximately 30% if the maximum load current, 3.5A. The maximum inductor peak current is:

$$\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{L(MAX)}} = \mathbf{I}_{LOAD} + \frac{\Delta \mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{L}}}{2}$$

Under light load conditions below 100mA, larger inductance is recommended for improved efficiency.

#### **Input Capacitor Selection**

The input capacitor reduces the surge current drawn from the input and switching noise from the device. The input capacitor impedance at the switching frequency should be less than input source impedance to prevent high frequency switching current passing to the input. A low ESR input capacitor sized for maximum RMS current must be used. Ceramic capacitors with X5R or X7R dielectrics are highly recommended because of their low ESR and small temperature coefficients. A  $22\mu$ F ceramic capacitor for most applications is sufficient. A large value may be used for improved input voltage filtering.

#### **Output Capacitor Selection**

The output capacitor  $(C_{OUT})$  is required to maintain the DC output voltage. Ceramic, tantalum, or low ESR electrolytic capacitors are recommended. Low ESR capacitors are preferred to keep the output voltage ripple low. The output voltage ripple can be estimated by:

$$\Delta V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{V_{\text{OUT}} \times (V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{OUT}})}{V_{\text{IN}} \times f_{\text{OSC}} \times L} \times \left(R_{\text{ESR}} + \frac{1}{8 \times f_{\text{OSC}} \times C_{\text{OUT}}}\right)$$

Where L is the inductor value and  $R_{ESR}$  is the equivalent series resistance (ESR) value of the output capacitor. In the case of ceramic capacitors, the impedance at the switching frequency is dominated by the capacitance. The output voltage ripple is mainly caused by the capacitance. For simplification, the output voltage ripple can be estimated by:

$$\Delta V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{8 \times f_{\text{OSC}}^2 \times L \times C_{\text{OUT}}} \times \left(1 - \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{V_{\text{IN}}}\right)$$

In the case of tantalum or electrolytic capacitors, the ESR dominates the impedance at the switching frequency. For simplification, the output ripple can be approximated to:

$$\Delta V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{f_{\text{OSC}} \times L} \times (1 - \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{V_{\text{IN}}}) \times R_{\text{ESR}}$$

The characteristics of the output capacitor also affect the stability of the regulation system. The MT2499A can be optimized for a wide range of capacitance and ESR values.

#### **PCB Layout Recommendations**

PCB layout is very important to achieve stable operation. It is highly recommended to duplicate



EVB layout for optimum performance. If change is necessary, please follow these guidelines.

- Keep the path of switching current short and minimize the loop area formed by Input capacitor, high-side MOSFET and low-side MOSFET.
- Bypass ceramic capacitors are suggested to be put close to the VIN Pin.
- Ensure all feedback connections are short and direct. Place the feedback resistors and

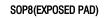
compensation components as close to the chip as possible.

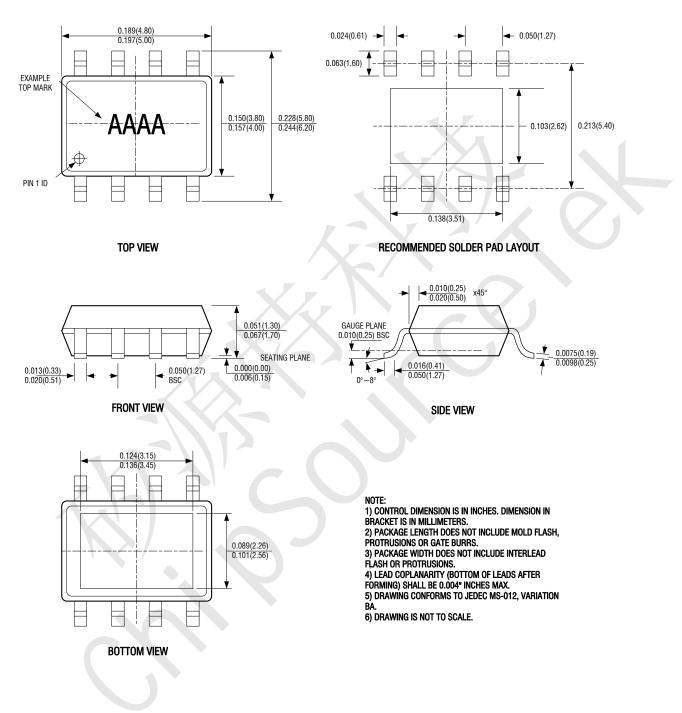
- >  $V_{OUT}$ , SW away from sensitive analog areas such as FB.
- Connect IN, SW, and especially GND respectively to a large copper area to cool the chip to improve thermal performance and long-term reliability.





# **MT2499A PACKAGE DESCRIPTION**







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